



Commercial Technology Transition Office

Your partner in
Rapid Technology Transition



Naval-Industry R&D Partnership Conference 2005
Informational Session
"Doing Business with the Navy"
26 JUL 05



History



- The Commercial Technology Transition Office (CTTO) was established in 1999 by ASN(RDA)
 - PPBE process takes too long to transition advanced technology to meet warfighter urgent/emergent needs
 - Provide 'bridge' funding to Programs of Record with 'now' year dollars.
- A Rapid Technology Transition (RTT) Program Element was established in FY04



Commercial Technology Transition Office (CTTO)



Mission

To *rapidly* transition technology from *any source* into the Fleet/Force



CTTO

Matchmake
Solutions to Naval Needs

Naval Acquisition
Programs

PEOs/SYSCOMs



Deal

Memorandum of Agreement

ERG Deal Selection
Rapid Technology
Transition Program \$s

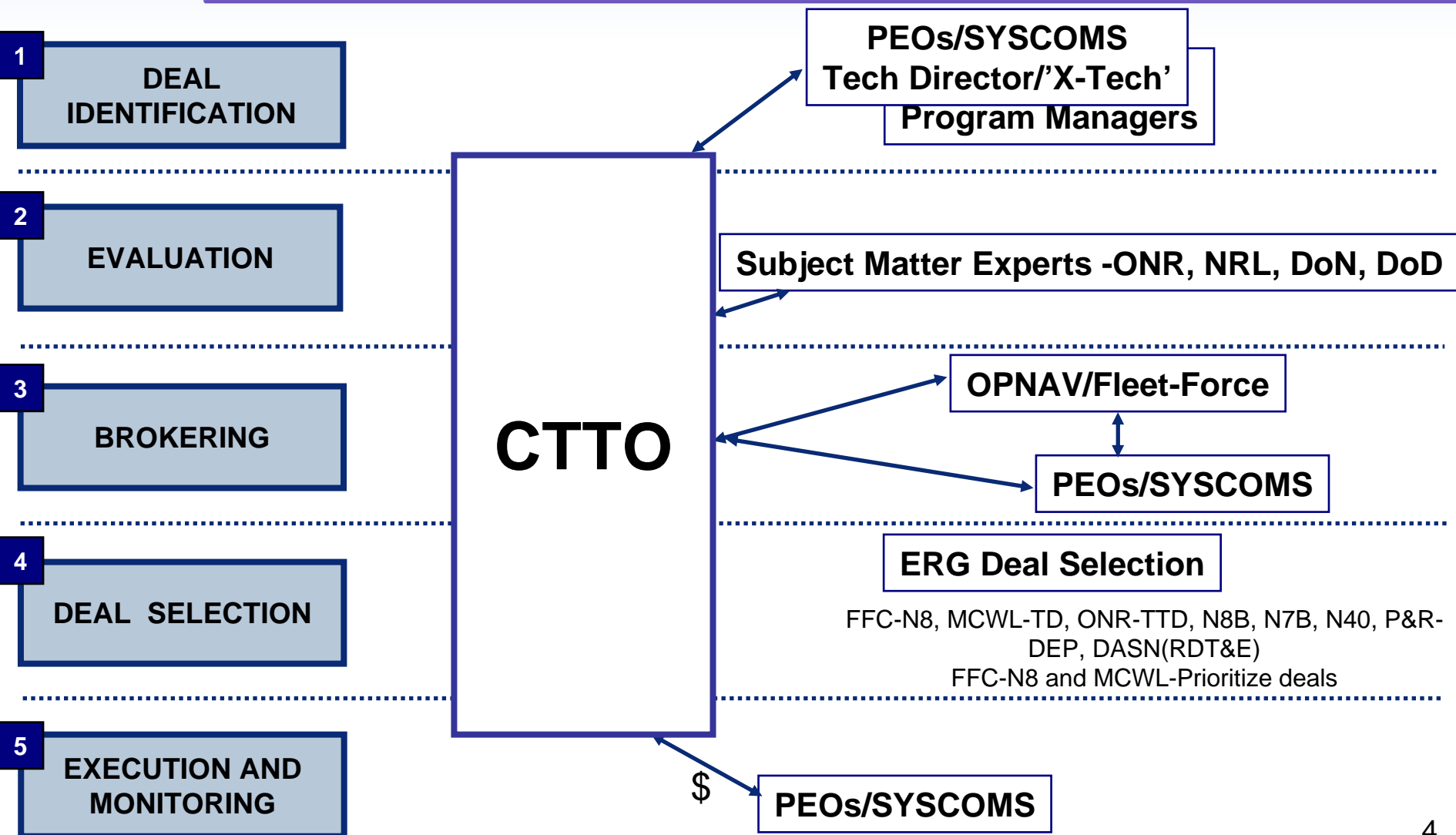
CTTO is the Deal Broker for
Technology Transition



Organization and Process



GWOT RTT Working Group for FY 06 Deals; Participation in steps 1-4





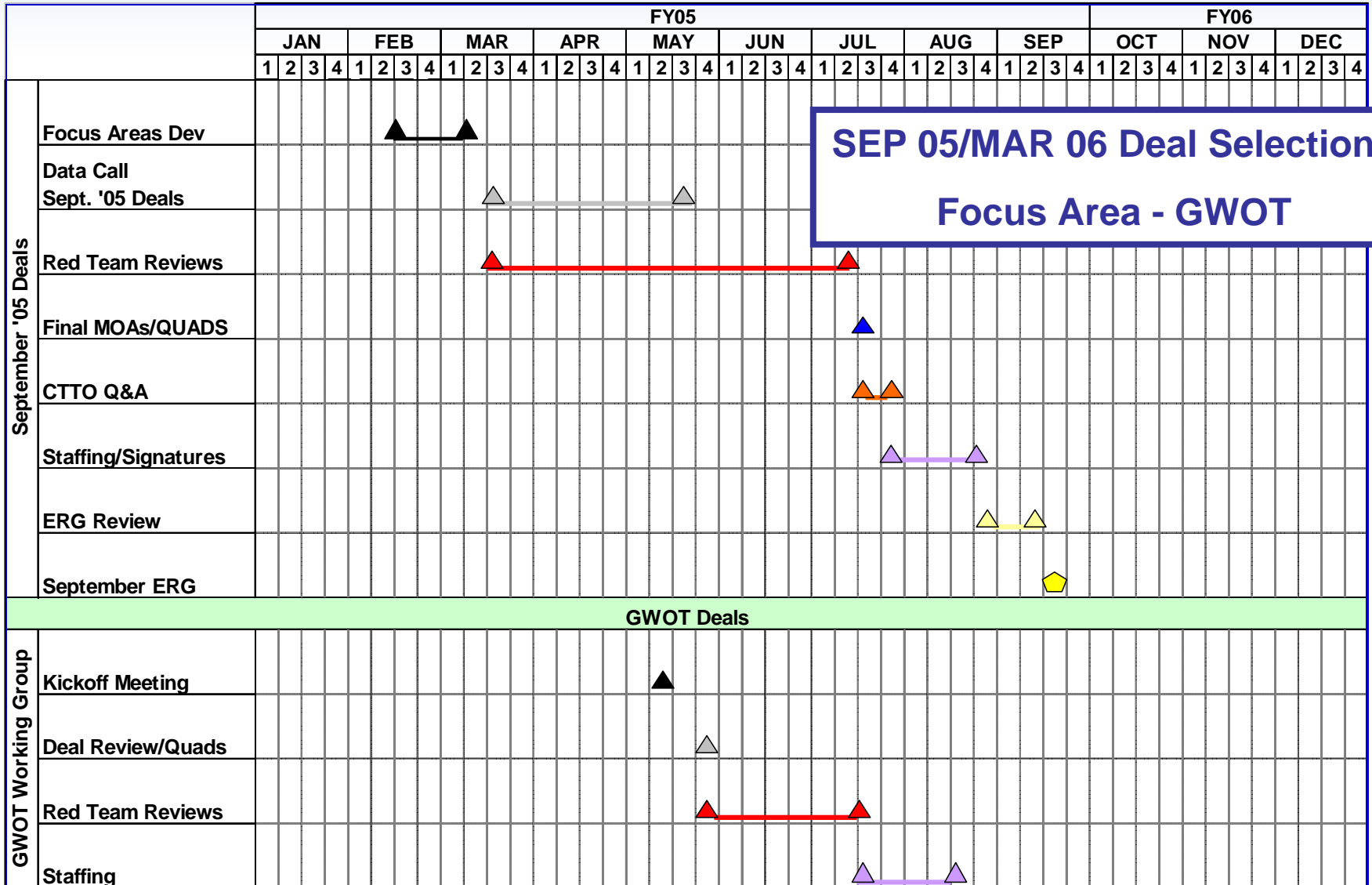
RTT Deal Criteria



- 24 months to transition
- \$500K-\$2.0M
 - Most in 1st year
- High priority need
- High return on investment
- Supported by Fleet/Force, OPNAV, PEO/SYSCOM
- Funding commitment for integration and procurement
- Mature technology [TRL 6-9]
- Technology provider viable
- Navy/USMC infrastructure, PoR, Policy, and CONOPS alignment



Deal Calendar



SEP 05/MAR 06 Deal Selections
Focus Area - GWOT



RTT Deals for ERG SEP 05



- ✓ RTT Data Call letter to ONR, PEO/SYSCOMs - APR 05
- ✓ ONR & PEO/SYSCOM RTT proposals to CTTO – 20 MAY 05
 - ✓ ~130 proposals received from 21 organizations
- ✓ GWOT RTT Working Group review and initial screen - 02 JUN 05
 - ✓ Selected most promising proposals for deal brokering - 17
- ✓ RTT Team review and initial screen of Non-GWOT – 03 JUN 05
 - ✓ Selected most promising proposals – 8 from Data Call, 3 other
- ✓ Due Diligence including Red Team Reviews 06 JUN – 22 JUL
 - Select best proposals for deals for ERG selection
 - GWOT RTT Working Group participation and recommendations
- Assemble Deal package and staffing JUL-AUG 05
- Signed Deals to ERG for selection mid-SEP 05



Deals to Date



<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Deals 55/\$210M Transitions complete 12 Deals in execution 35 Deals at risk 1 Deal failures 7 	<div>Success Rate +85%</div>	
	<p><u>NAVAIR</u></p> <p>16 deals, ~\$70M</p>	<p><u>NAVSEA</u></p> <p>22 deals, ~\$89M</p>
<p><u>SPAWAR</u></p> <p>9 deals, ~\$19M</p>		<p><u>USMC</u></p> <p>8 deals, ~\$33M</p>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Sea Base 17 deals, ~\$33M Sea Shield 6 deals, ~\$46M Sea Strike 6 deals, ~\$37M FORCEnet 26 deals, ~\$94M 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> DoN Technology 11 deals, ~\$61M DoD Technology 4 deals, ~\$29M US Technology 38 deals, ~\$116M Rest of World 2 deals, ~\$5M 	



Video Teleconference over IP



OPERATIONAL NEED

- **Numbered Fleet's #2 IT Requirement**
 - "100% MIGRATION TO IP BASED C5I..."
- **Investment buys:**
 - VIXS solution to end-of-life system (Shipboard Timeplex - 2QFY06), which will disable serial communications off ship
 - Flexibility in shipboard VTC participation, enabling inter-ship video distribution over existing shipboard C4I Network.
 - Reclaim 128kbps for flexible use across the ship vice dedicated use for VTC in one ship space.

IMPACT IF NOT ADDRESSED

- Failure to fund VTC over IP solution will continue practice of wasting scarce RF bandwidth and miss an opportunity to reduce lifecycle costs.
- End of life issue with the Timeplex time-division multiplexers may render all non-IP traffic using wideband SATCOM links un-useable.
- Non-compliance with Fleet Requirement of "100% MIGRATION TO IP BASED C5I..."

PROPOSED SOLUTION

- Transition Fleet video teleconferencing (VIXS) to a H.323-based IP solution allowing the currently stove piped bandwidth to be dynamically managed.
- Lab integration and testing to down select the appropriate COTS H.323 standard products and architecture needed to convert the fleet to IP-based video teleconferencing. Potential candidates [Tandberg, Polycom]
- Supports FORCEnet goal of delivering a single common tool suite with guaranteed end-to-end QoS
- FORCEnet compliance – CAT 3

BUSINESS CASE

- Capability to maximize bandwidth re-use efficiency, reduce life-cycle costs, and minimize afloat manning requirements.
- VTC over IP solution reduces NAVY costs by 3% by recovering wasted bandwidth.
- COTS solution preferable, as cost to develop Military-only VTC terminal based on our own IP protocols would be between \$7-8M
 - Life-cycle cost of developing and maintaining unique parts and training support infrastructure
 - Investment in a unique production facility



Video Teleconference over IP



TECHNICAL READINESS

- Low risk –
 - Potential compatibility issues with the afloat network infrastructure
 - JWICS connectivity must be maintained
- TRL 9 – with minor hardware and software modifications for Naval use

BUSINESS READINESS

- Low risk –
- Commercial products available- robust market
- Well accepted COTS standards
 - Third Party vendor participation required for minor modifications
 - POR transition plan based on POM 06 submission

TRANSITION SUMMARY

- Transitioning VTC functionality to afloat IP networks will require re-configuration of existing shipboard equipment [32 ships] and the addition of several new network appliances at the Fleet NOCs[4].

PROGRAMMATICS

Stakeholder	FY04/05	FY06	FY07	FY08	FY09	FY10	FY11
PMW-165 PE 0204163N BLI3057/3050	N/A	1.145	1.362	1.069	1.177	1.069	0.96
PE#: 0604231N X2307	1.04	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
TASK							
Verify requirements Fleet users/NNWC	0.035						
Lab Test and Verify Architecture/Compatibility	0.149						
Determine LAN/NOC Configurations +ILS Assessment	0.211						
E2E Test At Sea	0.515						
Lessons Learned Identification and Integration in Production Solution	0.065						
Develop Standard Plan for Install/Configuration	0.065	0.076					
Field		1.069	1.362	1.069	1.177	1.069	0.96
TOTAL (\$7.822M)	1.04	1.145	1.362	1.069	1.177	1.069	0.96



USMC Mobile Electric Power Distribution



OPERATIONAL NEED

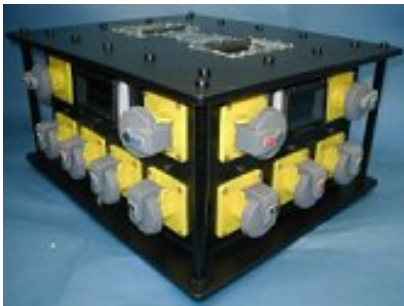
- Improved Mobile Electric Power Distribution (MEPDIS) system is needed to meet peacetime and wartime demands:
 - Long lead time to fabricate
 - Excessive weight
 - Expensive
- Availability of sufficient quantities of MEPDIS to meet OIF II/III needs

IMPACT IF NOT ADDRESSED

- Program Manager will not be able to field new capability for 3 years due to limited R&D funding to address need
- Insufficient quantities of MEPDIS to meet OIF II/III needs
- Fleet Marine Force will:
 - Locally fabricate unsafe systems
 - Procure untested commercial systems

PROPOSED SOLUTION

- Test, evaluation, and certification of commercial power distribution product for USMC use.



BUSINESS CASE

- 30% cheaper
- Delivery in 2 weeks, vs 7 months
- Man-portable, vs need for forklift
- Commercial connector vs Mil-Std
- Commercial consumable components
 - Multiple sources, worldwide availability
- Adaptors for backward & cross-service compatibility



USMC Mobile Electric Power Distribution



TECHNICAL READINESS

- Overall technical risk – LOW (TRL 8)
- Coordination with Army continuing (compatibility)
- Multiple solutions prototyped and tested
 - Technical testing
 - Field User Evaluations
- Final evaluation /selection criteria will be in accordance with Mil-Std-810 and Mil-Prf-28800
 - Well defined criteria
 - Can be met at Government or commercial labs

BUSINESS READINESS

- Overall business risk – LOW
- Sources Sought Released / Responses rcvd
- Market research/Site visits completed
- Vendors accustomed to urgent/custom orders
- GSA vendors
- USMC buy plan is desirable to industry
 - Continuous, annual buy by PM
 - “Surge” buys from deploying Marines via GSA

TRANSITION SUMMARY

- CORE funding in place to support MEPDIS purchase at end of transition
- Existing, validated requirement in place
- Acquisition coordination team efforts underway
- Deal funds competitive evaluation of systems
- To be executed as an Abbreviated Acquisition Program

PROGRAMMATICS

Stakeholder	FY04 Funds	FY05 Funds	FY06 - Indef Funds
PM EPS (Acquisition)	\$1.0M (current version)	\$1.5M (current version)	\$1.5M (new version)
ASN(RD&A) PE 0206624M C2929	\$.612K		

Task	FY 04	FY 05	FY 06	Total
Procure Test Units	\$ 0	\$.18	\$ 0	\$.18
Technical Tests	\$ 0	\$.32	\$ 0	\$.32
User Assessment	\$ 0	\$.04	\$ 0	\$.04
Down Select	\$ 0	\$.02	\$ 0	\$.02
Durability Test	\$ 0	\$.05	\$ 0	\$.05
Total	\$ 0	\$.612	\$ 0	\$.612



Transitions to Date



NAVSEA

PEO Aircraft Carriers

- HSLA-65 Steel for CVN21

PEO Integrated Warfare Systems

- Environmentally Adaptive (EA) Algorithms for AN/SQQ-89

PEO Submarines

- Synthetic Aperture Sonar (SAS) for LMRS
- Virginia Class Multi-level Security (MLS)
- All Optical TB-29 Towed Array
- Acoustic Rapid COTS Insertion Maintenance Free Operating Period



VA Class

Strategic Systems Programs (SSP)

- Forever-Ready Trident D-5 Battery Technology

USMC

- Spray Cooling Technology for AAV



AAV

NAVAIR

PEO Tactical Air Programs

- Commercial Emulator for E-2C Mission Computer
- Automated Wiring Analysis (AWA)
- Fiber Optic Interconnect Network Technology F/A-18E/F
- Titanium Nitride Coating for T-58 Engine Blades



F/A-18



Life, liberty...

... and the pursuit of all who threaten it.

Windy Joy Springs
Rapid Technology Transition
Program Director
703.696.1181
springw@onr.navy.mil
www.onr.navy.mil/ctto



GWOT Focus Areas



- Enhanced Theater Security Cooperation
- Maritime Domain Awareness
- Expanded-Maritime Interdiction Operations
- Proliferation Security Initiative
- Lethal and non-lethal options